OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, of the Duchy of CORNWALL, Esq;

SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1753. [N°. 134.

Terras Aſtræa reliquit.

THE famous grecian Law-giver Charondas, when he was aſked why he had not included parricide with its puniſhment, amongſt the other vices againſt which he had made laws? is ſaid to have given this anſwer: "I did not chooſe to particularize a Crime that was never yet heard of amongſt us, leſt the bare mention of it ſhould familiarize an idea, otherwiſe too horrid to enter into our heads." What was wiſdom at that time and among that people, would be the higheſt folly at this time and amongſt this people: for alas! with grief muſt it be ſaid, there is no poſſibility of introducing any crime among us which can deſerve the appellation of new. The wiſdom of Charondas is ſufficiently demonſtrated by his laws, and this particular is an inſtance of his great penetration into human nature. There is a ſort of ambition in vice, and when a man has loſt his Character by committing frequently vices that are common, as he has no room leſt to ſhew his excellence in any other channel than that of vice, he grows emulous of ſhining in this ſphere, and begins to conſider every man as his ſuperior who has been more vicious than himſelf: ſo that to incite ſuch a perſon to the moſt horrid of crimes, it need only be told him that another man has committed it before him. Perhaps it may not be the moſt unreaſonable method of accounting for our being ſuperior in vice to former ages, from our having been acquainted with thoſe of our predeceſſors, for I am perſuaded ignorance is often the cauſe of innocence. But I am afraid it would be allowing too much to grant this as a fair argument; for if ſo, by the ſame argument, we muſt ſuppoſe the world to grow more and more vicious the older it grows, which indeed would be a moſt ſhocking thing to prove. I had rather take the other ſide of the queſtion, and I believe I may venture to aſſert (without vanity be it ſpoken) that it is impoſſible the world ever could or can be worſe than it is: at the ſame time I believe it may be aſſerted with as much truth, that England is the favourite ſpot where vice reaps her moſt plentiful harveſt. Other nations have particular vices, but England is eminent in all. Perhaps our trade, which we ſo much value ourſelves upon, has been of no ſmall diſſervice to us in this reſpect; for before we were a trading nation I cannot find we had any particular characteriſtic vice; if we were remarked for any more than other nations, it was for whoring; but ſince the increaſe of our navigation the increaſe of vice has been moſt evident, and we ſeem only to have accompliſhed the circumnavigation of the globe to arrive at the utmoſt perfection of it. It may indeed be objected, that our catalogue was not to be increaſed by any addition from the other three continents, it was already too compleat to admit of any enlargement from the moſt barbarous nations; and I verily believe the riſe of moſt of our vices may be dated from Europe alone. We have imported murder and jealouſy from the Spaniards, drunkenneſs from the Flemings, knavery from the Dutch, foppery from the French, and effeminacies of all kinds from the Italians, too ſhocking too mention, to which our Italian operas have not been a little conducive. But though we have been little gainers in vice by either Aſia, Africa, or America, they have been greatly ſo by us. We have engraſted our foreign ſtem on their native ſtock, and every day gives us moſt aſtoniſhing accounts of its growth.

A foreigner who had never been pre-acquainted with us, when he ſhould behold the number of our churches and chapels, and the zealous attachment of many to particular opinions in religion, together with the encreaſe of our hoſpitals and other charities; would at firſt be apt to conclude us a people of a good diſpoſition and very ſcrupulous conſcience. Tho' perhaps he would be inclined to pity us for ſome of the trifling circumſtances which conſtitute different ſects in our religion, and ſmile at us for others: yet upon the whole he would be pleaſed, looking on theſe things as a certain ſign of our conſciencious regard for God and our ſouls. When he had only made ſuch a general and ſuperficial view as this, he would be apt to cry out εὑρηκα, and think he had found a ſecond paradiſe. But after he had been ſettled ſometime and acquainted with the nature of our conſtitution; when he ſhould ſee an election, and obſerve all thoſe people who were ſo zealouſly attached to particular ſects of religion unite, on account of a ſmall bribe, to chooſe a man for their repreſentative who they know beforehand will certainly betray them; how would he be aſtoniſhed at their folly and perfidy! when he ſhould ſee that our religion was only a cloak for our knavery, ſurely he muſt conclude us all Atheiſts. I am afraid with a few more obſervations of this kind the idea of paradiſe would ſoon give place to that of hell itſelf, and that of the inhabitants to infernal imps. He muſt be aſtoniſhed to ſee even parricide itſelf committed in open day-light with impunity; parricide it certainly is, for all the bribes we take to betray it, are ſo many ſtabs in the boſom of our country. And alas! he muſt be grieved to ſee that liberty which he imagined whole and unhurt, tota teras atque rotunda, fainting and pierced with 20000 wounds!

But there is a ſaying, that when things are at the worſt, they muſt needs mend. If this be true, I muſt confeſs we are excellently ripe for a reformation. Let us therefore not deſpair, for if a good King can effect a reformation among any people, ſurely ours can, nil deſperandum duce Georgis, & auſpici Georgis. But if ever ſuch a reformation be brought about we muſt expect the example to be ſet in the metropolis. With this good deſign, ſome gentlemen of late ſeem to have laboured, taking on them to ſtop the career of our favourite and characteriſtic vice. They have much harraſſed the lewd women reſiding amongſt us, which have ſo long been the bane of our youth, that half of them now will never be men: allowing theſe gentlemen to have acted with a ſincere deſign of effectually preventing ſuch fatal conſequences, we will afterwards examine what progreſs they have made, and from thence judge whether the methods they have taken are like to effect their point.

1ſt Then, we have had frequent accounts of their induſtry in ſeizing a number of theſe lewd women and other diſorderly perſons at various ſeraglios of this town; now they were all examined, ſome diſcharged, others ſent to priſon to hard labour and flagellation, and the bawds pillored. This is all that has been done, and perhaps this may have produced a good effect on ſome of them. But that the effect of their proceedings is far from being generally good, any one may be convinced who will take the pains to walk from Ludgate-hill to Charing-croſs, any time between 6 and 12 o'clock at night. But let us examine the conſequences of their conduct. With regard to the bawds, as they are always the greateſt ſharers in the profits attending lewdneſs, and conſequently if they have grace enough, have the means of getting their livelihood more creditably, poſſibly the diſgrace of the pillory may deter them from the like practices, for which indeed the pillory is too trifling a puniſhment. However we will allow their conduct in this reſpect reaſonable and conſonant with the tenour of our laws, which are every where famous for their lenity. But with regard to the unhappy proſtitutes, who are the means of the riches theſe bawds acquire, I am afraid it will appear far otherwiſe. Theſe poor wretches when committed to priſon are known to poſſeſs no other goods and chattels than what they carry on their backs, for the bawds who furniſh them with cloaths are too cunning to truſt them with any thing elſe. Now the ſudden change from an idle luxurious life to one of labour and faſting, ſoon forces the miſerable object to change her finery for rags, to ſupply the more immediate neceſſities of nature. Now it is paſt a doubt that this deſtitute wretch is infected with the foul diſeaſe, and this too is known not to be abated by the regimen of a priſon, far from it, the addition of the itch and all manner of filth, generally heighten it to a diſtemper of the moſt complicate kind. Her time of confinement being expired, and ſhe gone thro' all her caſtigations, at length in this infectious condition the unhappy creature is ſet at liberty, without health, money or friends.

Reduced to this wretched ſtate, ſhould ſhe be inclined to reform and get her bread honeſtly, who will employ her? There remain but two means by which ſhe can poſſibly ſupport herſelf, to thieve, or return to her old calling. Perhaps it would be beſt for the community ſhe ſhould apply to the firſt, but the laſt being the faſteſt of the two, is her general reſource. As ſhe is now incapable of making a figure in the ſcenes of her former life, ſhe deſcends from the Highlands of the city and garden, to the filthy ſwamps of St. Giles's. Thus the ſcene of her action alone is changed, and the miſchief rather encreaſed than diminiſhed.

But these magistrates may object that however ineffectual their endeavours may have been, still they have acted as far as the law would permit them. If this be true, every honest man must be sorry for it; for certain it is they had better lie still and do nothing at all. Surely if this is the case, it will be well worthy the consideration of parliament how they may render the endeavours of these magistrates more efficacious. In this time of rest, when our neighbours seem all so much inclined to a continuation of the peace, we cannot certainly use our leisure to better purpose, than in sincere endeavours to put a stop to this fatal evil.

Public stews have been a method often proposed as the most like to be effectual, and were what our wise forefathers did not disdain to make use of. Here prostitutes were confined within certain bounds, which if they transgressed, they were subject to severe penalties; and none were suffered to appear but what were sound and clean. Modest conscientious people may object to this as an encouragement of vice: but let me tell them this vice will never be prevented whilst men are men; but though we cannot prevent the vice at least we ought to prevent the ill consequences of it, especially when they are experienced so fatal. Policy requires this of us. For whilst we suffer these harlots to patrole so publicly about our streets and use all their ensnaring arts on young fellows, we never can expect that any will escape them who are not equal in chastity to Joseph himself.

LONDON.

When his Majesty received the Address of the Honourable House of Commons on Saturday last, his Majesty was pleased to return this most gracious Answer:

"Gentlemen,

"I thank you most heartily for this very affectionate Address; your Zeal for the Good of the Public, and for my Government, cannot but afford me the highest Satisfaction. My chief Concern will always be for the Happiness of my People."

The King has created George Grenvile Temple, Esq; Member of Parliament for Buckingham, Earl Temple, and his Lordship has taken the Oaths and his Seat in the House of Peers.

We hear, that the Right Hon. the Earls of Plymouth and Hillsborough will have two of the vacant Red Ribbons.

Sunday Dr. Anthony Ellis, lately elected Bishop of St. David's in the room of Dr. Trevor, promoted to the Bishoprick of Durham, did Homage to his Majesty for his Temporalities.

The same Day the Bishop of Peterborough was appointed one of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council.

Last Tuesday came on the Election of a Member for the City of Westminster, in the room of Sir Peter Warran, deceased, when General Cornwalls was chosen without Opposition.

We are well assured that 10000 Seamen will be granted for the Service of the Navy the ensuing Year, being 2000 more than the last, which must give Pleasure to every one that wishes Success to the Maritime Force of Great Britain.

On Sunday Evening died at Oxford, of an Apoplexy, the Right Rev. Dr. George Bulkely, Bishop of Cloyne. He came to that Place about the End of July last, intending to enjoy there (what he was pleased to call) a learned Retirement; where he was held in such high Esteem, that his short stay there has doubled the Grief of his Acquaintance, for the Loss of the most excellent of Men.

Tuesday was held a Board of Admiralty, when two Ships of 60 Guns, and two of 50, were put into Commission; they are designed for the East Indies.

A Warrant of Detainer is lodged by the Crown against Puttee, the outlawed Smuggler, who was tried the last Sessions at the Old Baily and acquitted, in order to be tried on another Indictment the next Sessions.

Wednesday upwards of 15000 lb. of Thrown and Silk were imported at the Custom House from Turky, to the no small Joy of the Weavers in Spitalfields.

LENT Preachers appointed to preach before his Majesty at the Chapel at St. James's, for the Year 1753.

Mar. 7. Ash Wednesday,	Dean of the Chapel, Lord Bishop of London.
9. Friday,	Dean of Worcester, Dr. Waugh.
11. Sunday,	Ld. Bishop of Worcester.
14. Wednesday,	Rt. Hon. and Rev. Lord Seymour.
16. Friday,	Dean of Bath and Wells, Dr. Creswick.
18. Sunday,	Lord Bishop of Chester.
21. Wednesday,	Dr. Barton.
23. Friday,	Dean of York, Dr. Fountain.
25. Sunday,	Lord Bishop of Hereford.
28. Wednesday,	Mr. Kilner.
30. Friday,	Dean of Rochester, Dr. Newcome.
April 1. Sunday,	Lord Bishop of Glocester.
4. Wednesday,	Dr. Sleech.
6. Friday,	Dean of Salisbury, Dr. Clark.
8. Sunday,	Lord Bishop of Bangor.
11. Wednesday,	Mr. Christopher Wilson.
13. Friday.	Dean of Canterbury, Dr. Lynch.
15. Palm Sunday.	Lord Abp. of Canterbury, or Lord Abp. of York.
18. Wednesday.	Dr. Pyle.
20. Good Friday,	Dean of Westminster, Ld. Bishop of Rochester.
22. Easter Sunday,	Lord Almoner.

GRAFTON.

LENT Preachers appointed to preach at his Majesty's Chapel at Whitehall, on Wednesdays and Fridays for the Year 1753.

Mar. 7. Ash Wednesday,	Dean of Bristol, Dr. Chamberlaine.
9. Friday,	Dr. Hume.
14. Wednesday,	Dr. Gally.
16. Friday,	Dr. Thomas Chapman.
21. Wednesday,	Dr. Berney.
23. Friday,	Dr. Philip Young.
28. Wednesday,	Dr. Stedman.
30. Friday,	Dr. Shuckford.
April 4. Wednesday,	Dr. Potter.
6. Friday,	Mr. Marriott.
11. Wednesday,	Mr. Tottie,
13. Friday,	Dr. Blomer.
18. Wednesday,	Dr. Friend.
20. Good Friday,	Dean of Lincoln Dr. George.

GRAFTON

The Rev. Dr. Blackett is appointed to preach before the Hon. House of Commons in St. Margaret's Westminster on the 30th inst. being the Martyrdom of King Charles the First.

The Right Rev. Dr. Keene, Bishop of Chester, is to preach before the Right Hon. the House of Peers, on the 30th Instant in Westminster Abbey.

Sunday Morning Mr. Patience, Master of the Falcon Inn the Borough, was found, suffocated in a Ditch, supposed to be thrown off his Horse therein, as he was returning home from the Country.

We hear from Mullingar, that some Time ago a Servant Boy was committed to the Goal of that Town for setting Fire to the House of Mr. Dungan, his Master; that a few Days after his Confinement, he sent for a Magistrate, to whom he discovered that his Fellow Servants had set him upon that villainous Action; and last Saturday they were all apprehended and committed to the said Goal, in order to take their Trials for the same at the next Assizes.

We hear the Affair relating to the Claim of the King of Prussia, and his Detention of the last Payment of the Silesia Loan, will be laid before both Houses of Parliament by Petition of the Poprietors of that Loan.

The Distemper among the horned Cattle being very rise at this Time at Hundan in Suffolk, and the Inhabitants of that Place apprehending it may be carried about from Place to Place by Dogs, have given public Notice, that they will prosecute all Persons who course, or come upon their Lands with any sort of Dogs whatever, during the continuance of the Distemper in that Neighbourhood.

Monday the Sessions ended at the Old Bailey, when the following Persons received sentence of Death, viz.

John Briant, for a Street Robbery.

Patrick Nugent for a Burglary.

William Baldwin, for robbing Thomas Mott, of a Watch and sixteen shillings, in the Dwelling-house of Rose Sykes.

Timothy Murphy, for Forgery. And,

Joseph Hall, for a Burglary.

Twenty were cast for Toansportion.

One branded.

And one ordered to be whipped.

They write from Canterbury, that last Thursday 7-Night Mr. Stephen Durant, Riding Officer, seized from two French Men under Westgate 1219 yards of French Lace, and 570 Yards of French Ribbon; and entered them at the Customhouse in that City.

Tuesday in the Afternoon upwards of 3000 Yards of Gold, and 1500 Yards of Silver French Lace, besides 19 Pieces of French Silks, and a large Quantity of French Gloves, Mittens, &c. seized Yesterday 7-Night by some Custom House Officers, were lodged in the King's Warehouse at the Custom-house, to the no little Mortification of many frenchified Gentry of both Sexes.

We hear from Aberdeen, that a Man's Body without the Head, was lately cast in at Sandend, off Cruden. There was 41. 4s. 6d. Sterl. a Watch in his Pocket, by which it is probable, he is one of the Crew some Time ago lost off Boddom.——And that a few Days since died one William Reid, aged about 100, the oldest Mason belonging to the Lodge of Free Masons in that Place, and who last Summer wrought at his Trade at several new Buildings there.

On Sunday Afternoon, a poor Man afflicted with Fits, being in St. George's Church, Queen-square, towards the Conclusion of the Sermon fell into one, and shrieked in so terrible a Manner, as to put the Congregation in the utmost Confusion; the Cause of which not being known, several People burst open their Pews, others jumped over them, and ran out of the Church with such Precipitation, as to tumble and trample over one another; however, no great Damage was done.

Yesterday se'nnight a Woman in the Almonry, Westminster, being jealous of her Husband with another Woman, took some Poison and drank it up in a Glass of Water, but finding it begin to operate, she repented, and told her Husband what she had done; the Husband sent immediately for a Surgeon, but before he came she was past Recovery, and died in a few Minutes after. And last Saturday a Jury sat upon the Body, and brought in their Verdict, Lunacy.

Wednesday two covered Carriages belonging to his Majesty, containing the Curiosities collected by the late Sir Hans Sloane, were brought from his House at Chelsea, and deposited for safety in the Bank, being purchased by his Majesty.

Sir Hans Sloane in his Will has vulued his Collection at 20000 l. and, in Case neither his Majesty nor the Parliament will purchase it, has ordered that it shall be publicly sold by Action, and the Money it produces to be equally divided between his two Daughters, to whom, except a few Legacies, he has left his whole Fortune. We hear he has left his Executors only 100 l. each.

We hear there is a Scheme on Foot, for erecting a Penny Post in Dublin, after the Manner of that in London.

They write from Lewes in Sussex, that they have an Account of nine or ten Vessels being ashore between Beachy and Shoreham.

Also that the Union, Jones, from Limerick to London, is lost off Beachy, the Master & two Men missing.

Monday came Advice, that the following Ships from Jamaica were lost in the Gulph of Florida, in a Hurricane on the 22d and 23d of October last, viz. the Alexander, Mudie, for London; Fanny, Hower, for Lancaster; Queen Anne, Rymer, for Bristol; Mary, Crawfurd, for Glasgow; Dolphin, Pedink, for Liverpool; Rhode Island, Ball, for New York; & Statica, Jones, from Honduras for Rhode Island.

The following Ships that were in the Fleet before the Hurricane, are missing, viz. the Mary & Priscilla, Ham, for London; Three Friends, Gotterney, for Bristol; Kingston, M'Dugal; and Ruby, Edwards, for Philadelphia; Boston, Dane, for Virginia; and a Ship, Hill, from Honduras, for New York.

The Richmond, Palmer, is got into the Havannah, dismasted.

The Sarah, Gauthery, from Maryland for London, is lost off Newhaven and one Man drowned.

The Friendship, Young, from Briſtol, for Hamburgh, the Swan, Holm, from Hamburgh for Oporto; the Adrian, Savage, from Bourdeaux for Boulogne; a Ship from Boſton for London; and the Young Green, ———, from Dublin, for Pool, are all loſt off the Iſle of Wight.

The Johannah Thereſa, Strohm, bound from Hamburgh for Cadiz is loſt of Portland, the Maſter & five Men are drowned.

Letters from Pool give an Account, that the King of Pruſſia, Longe, bound from Bourdeaux for Hamburgh laden with Wine, Sugar, Brandy, &c. is on Shore off Kimeridge, its expected that Part of her Cargo will be ſaved. A Sloop laden with Brandy is beat to Pieces near the ſame Place, and three of her Hands are drowned.

The Argyle, Cole, bound from Glaſgow for London, mentioned in the Papers on Saturday laſt, is beat to Pieces. The Oil, Herrings, and Tobacco are ſtove and deſtroyed againſt the Cliffs. Some of the Whalebone & Part of the Ship's Furniture, with ſome empty Casks, ſaved. A Brig and a Sloop are loſt in Durleſtone Bay; both the Crews are drowned. A ſmall Quantity of Nutmegs, Allſpice, Tobacco and Logwood, are drove aſhore near the Wrecks.

We have Advice from the Bay of Honduras, by the Way of New York, that five Britiſh Ships, with ſeveral Sloops laden with Logwood, are taken in the ſaid Bay by the Guarda Coſtas, and carried into St. Domingo. Several Dutch Ships are arrived in the Bay to protect the Trade there.

Extract of a Letter from Waterford, dated Jan. 3.

"About one or two this Morning a very melancholy Accident happened here, viz. a large Sail Boat belonging to Ballyback, within five Miles of this Town coming up the River Shure, with about 50 or 60 Barrels of Wheat, ſome Pork and other Neceſſaries for our Maket, run againſt a Ship's Hawſer oppoſite the Cuſtomhouſe, and immediately ſunk. There were four Men on board, three of whom periſhed, but the fourth ſwam to Shore, calling for Aſſiſtance for his Companions but all to no Purpoſe, as there were no Perſons to relieve them at that Time of the Night."

Extract of a Letter from Kingsbridge, Devon, dated Jan. 14.

"We have had here a violent Storm; Wedneſday laſt were wrecked and ſtranded four ſhips; three at Prowl, and but one Man ſaved; the other a Dutch ſhip ſtranded at Thrilſtone (where they are unloading her) having 400 Butts of Wine and Brandy on board; all the Men were ſaved, and the Ship might have gone out again, when lightened, had it not been for the Country People, who have almoſt cut it to Pieces, notwithſtanding the Officers and a Company of Soldiers from Plymouth attended there to prevent it. Yeſterday they were ſo daring, as to take the Goods when drawing to Cellars, and when forbidden by the Soldiers they would not deſiſt; One of Loddiſwell was run through by a Soldier, of which Wound he ſoon died; and another is wounded, 'tis ſaid, very much; and yet 'tis thought even this will not deter the barbarous Multitude."

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, is oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner, as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen, Dec. 26. An old Shipwright has propoſed a Plan for the Poor to maintain themſelves. According to his Scheme he is to have 60 Boys, from nine to fourteen Years of Age; and above 120 above the Age of fourteen who are to remain under his Care 'till they are turned the Age of 23: and 60 old Men from 56 to 80, with the like Number of Girls and old Women; none of the former to be above 12, & none of the latter to be under 50. After five Years he propoſes, that this Colony ſhall maintain itſelf, by making of Nets, Rigging, and Boats, for the Whale Fiſhery; replacing the Boys and the old Men, and the Girls & the old Women, from the Hoſpitals; and taking upon himſelf the Care of the Sick & Superannuated amongſt his own People.

Hamburgh, Jan. 2. According to ſeveral private Advices which have been received here, the King of Pruſſia is making the ſame Diſpoſitions in his Dominions as if was upon the Point of opening a Campaign. It is even pretended, that this Prince has given Orders to aſſemble an Army of 50000 of his beſt Troops in the Neighbourhood of Berlin, and another of about 30000 in that of Konigsberg.

FRANCE.

Bourdeaux, Dec. 24. We are extremely buſy at this Port in fitting out & victualling ſeveral Men of War which are to ſail very ſoon for our American Colonies. The Captain of a Merchantman who arrived here laſt Week ſays, that in his Paſſage he met with five Men of War which ſailed ſome Time ago from Breſt for Pondicherry, where they carry above 100 Pieces of Cannon, 44 Mortars & a great Quantity of Powder and Ball, and other warlike Stores.

Paris, Jan. 5. Some Labourers at Work about half a League from Douay have dug up ſome Earthen Pots, in which were found above 4000 Pieces of old Coin; moſt of them are without any Inſcription, but ſeveral appear to be thoſe of P. Aur. Valerius, Gallienus; C. Aur. Maximilian, and ſome of Conſtantine the Great. Among them were found ſeveral Copper Medals and two ſilver ones.

BANKRUPT.

Harvey Preſton, late of Warwick, Dealer and Chapman.

The GRAND SPECIFICK

For cleanſing and ſtrengthening the Reins, &c.

A Medicine that hath gained ſo much Credit for theſe many Years it has been publiſhed, that not one of the many Pretenders to cure the like Caſe, has at all hindered the juſt Reputation this firſt, and only Specific for theſe Purpoſes, hath obtained, by its moſt noble Effects; for it doth not only cure ſuch difficult Caſes, which no other Medicine can, but in every ordinary Caſe, one Bottle will do more Good than four that are ſold by any of the Common Pretenders, as has been ſufficiently atteſted by many Perſons of Worth and Reputation, that have found the deſired Effects and declared it to Mr Sandwell.

For it may certainly be depended on as abſolutely effectual, in carrying off by Urine, ſafely and ſpeedily, all the Remains of pernicious unskilfully prepared Mercurials, Gleet or Weakneſſes through tedious or ill-managed Cures of the Venereal Diſeaſe, or ſelf Pollution, inordinate Coition, &c. Alſo any Weakneſſes of the Veſſels, from Wrenches, Strains, Blows, or Falls, and all other Obſtructions in the Urinary Paſſages, even Stranguries, Ulcers, &c.

It is alſo of ſingular and very extraordinary Efficacy, where there is any Gravel, or even ſmall Stones, Slime, or any other Matter that obſtructs the Urine; bringing all away in a few Times taking, with Safety, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes; and particularly by a Gentleman, whoſe Caſe has ſo often been mentioned in the Advertiſements by a Certificate of his Cure, who at taking a little of it voided above an Ounce of Gravel, and was cured of an inſupportable Pain about his Loins, &c. by a ſhort continuance of it.

It is a very pleaſant Medicine, and will be found of uncommon Benefit to Mankind, beyond Expectation, which is the Reaſon of its being made publick, and to obviate the Ignorance of Pretenders in all the difficult Caſes abovementioned.

One Bottle in moſt Caſes, is ſufficient for a perfect Cure, as you will ſee by the Directions given with it. It is ſold for 7 s. 6 d the Bottle at Mr Sandwell's Toyſhop, at the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry.

These are to certify whom it may concern,

THAT the Two Medicines for external Uſe, which have been ſold with ſo much Succeſs for the good of Mankind above Thirty Years laſt paſt for the Cure of

All Sorts of RUPTURES, BURSTEN or BROKEN BELLIES,

Are now ſold only at Mr. Sandwell's Toyſhop, the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Buckler's Bury in the Poultry, at 5 s. the Parcel with printed Directions given with them.

Theſe two Remedies need no other Recommendation than themſelves will manifeſt in two or three Days uſing, having by their admirable, and even aſtoniſhing Succeſs, gained the Reputation they ſo juſtly deſerve, both in City and Country, after wearing Truſſes for many Years to no Purpoſe.

For by the Bleſſing of God, they make a perfect Cure, either on old or young, in a very little Time, and for a ſmall Charge, without any Pain to, or Confinement of, the Patient; one Parcel is generally ſufficient for a compleat Cure, eſpecially on a young Perſon.

Many Hundreds of all Ages and Sexes have been cured by them which occaſioned this Publication, for the good of the Publick, that all ſuch unhappy People may be delivered from the Charge and Slavery of always wearing Truſſes.

The World might have had many Certificates of Cures of Perſons of all Ages, from Children of a few Months old, to grown Perſons of ſixty Years or upwards; but that People are naturally averſe to let it be known, that they ever had ſuch an Infirmity: Yet Mr. Sandwell can ſatisfy any Enquirer of the Validity of what is here ſaid.

BANKRUPT.

Joſeph Troughton, of Fareman, Brewer and Wine Merchant.

SUGAR PLUMS, for WORMS, &c

THE moſt Curious Purge, for any Body, Where A Fine Purge is Wanted, being as Innocent & Safe, as a Little RHEUBARB, &c

and a Dozen.——Or may buy but ONE Single PLUM, for A PENNY, with Directions, Which is Enough, to bring away WORMS, &c from a CHILD

Or, 2, 3, 4, Or, Half a Dozen, Or, what You Pleaſe.—Or THREE Dozen for Half a Crown,

To KEEP *in* a FAMILY.

Or to give away,—— Or Sell again, And Return what do not Sell

To be Had at Mr. Burchell's, At the ANODYNE NECKLACE, in LONG ACRE, Next Drury Lane, London.

Where are likewiſe to be had The ORIGINAL AUTHOR's

ANODYNE NECKLACES Price 5 s. ingle, and Allowance by the dozen to ſell again.

And Alſo the Famous Gum opening Remedy to let out

CHILDRENS TEETH Prelently without Pain, and by Rubbing it's Gum, Delight the Child.

There not being ſuch Another Help for them, this Day in the World again, Eaſily to have their TEETH.—Price Only SIX Pence, with Directions Or SIX Parcels for Half a Crown.

AS Mr. Burchell is the ONLY Perſon that Furniſhes Shopkeepers and Others throughout the Kingdom with the ORIGINAL Author's Famous ANODYNE NECKLACES, Sugar Plums, & Remedies in ſecret Caſes,

So, Any Necklaces, &c. If not had from LONG ACRE, Are made up in IMITATION of the Original Author's.

Which are removed to Long Acre from Temple Bar, And, Has NONE of His Necklaces Sold, BEHIND the ROYAL EXCHANGE.

Where He has no Manner of Dealings At All.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute; that near 30000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, that they were firſt publiſh'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovelaid Diſorders are not to be equal'd in the whole Art of Medicine, were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolluſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 5 s. 6 d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies, for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring to their Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tenderſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 2 s 6 d.

ANTI-SIPHYILICON,

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and to as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breaking-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

Hence it is that so many Practitioners in Town and Country send for it for their Patients, as finding it absolutely to be depended upon, and much more safe and effectual than any other Medicine whatsoever.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and agreeable Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulness of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

Dr. R. NELSON, being well known to have made the Cure of Seminal and Genital Imbecilities his chief Study and Practice of above thirty Years, does recommend his most Noble Cleansing and Strengthning ELIXIR, which thousands of People have experienced, to be the only BALSAMICK HEALING RESTORING Medicine in the World.

For Gleets and Weaknesses,

THE Bane of Virility in the one Sex, and Destroyer of Fertility in the other, whether from ill cur'd Venereal Infections (that which nothing is more common) or from inordinate Coition, or Self-Pollution (that curs'd School Wickedness, which spoils all our Youth, by napping their Manhood in the Bud) or from involuntary Emissions a Nights in the Sleep, or in the Day Time upon Stool or with the Urine, or from Falls, Blows, Strains, Wrenches, or the Like, which drain, and dry up, the Seminals, and wither, as it were the Generative Faculties, causing Impotency in Men, the Fluor Albus, and Barrenness in Women, (or but a weakly, sickly Offspring, if any) and in the long Run (by impoverishing the Blood and Spirits) Melancholy, Vapours, Decays of Nature, and Consumptions.

No Medicine can be more pleasant to take, nor any Thing upon Earth more effectual for the Purpose; for let the Imbecility be ever so great, or of ever so long standing, and be either in the Parts Spermatick Vessels, or Back, with Pain, or without, it certainly Cures, by reviving and enriching the Blood and Spirits, comforting, nourishing, and replenishing the Reins and Seminals, and strengthning and restoring the Genital Parts in both Sexes, how much soever weakned, rendred cold, or deadned, and bringing them to their natural Force, Warmth, and Vigour; by thickening and fertilising the Seed which, before, was thin, watrish, or yellowish, and consequently insufficient, either for Procreation or the Act of it.

All Disorders of the Urine, as Difficulty in the making or retaining it, or its dribbling away, hot or smarting, or foul, slimy, ropy, greasy or stinking, whether from Gravel, Stone, Strangury, or a Venereal Cause are likewise speedily cured by it, and the Water made to be held as strongly, and yet brought away as freely, easily, full stream'd, and clear as ever.

Price 5s. a Bottle. Prepared by the abovesaid Author, and sold only (sealed up with Directions how to take it) at Mr. Corbett's Bookseller, at Addison's Head, opposite St. Dunstan's Church, Fleet-street, and by Henry Cook, under the Royal-Exchange, asking only for a 5s. Bottle of Elixir.

The So much fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in Men, and the *Vapours* in Women, so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual, and that by immediately striking at the very Root of true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies, and all their Variety of Symptoms by which they mimick by Turns almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach and Indigestion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, nocturnal Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, grundels, Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions at other times, Flushings, Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Shakings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these stomachic fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) infallibly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves, so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, and from the first, to the last Drop, to the Satisfaction of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evidence.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them, be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's at the Cruis-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill London, at 5s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO destructive to the Constitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by driving away the Radical Moisture or very Essence of Life, and inducing Consumptions, Nervous Disorders, &c. but to Posterity also, inasmuch as those afflicted with such Gleetings, if not wholy disabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miserable, and short-liv'd Issue.

These wasting Gleetings, occasion'd by Self-pollution, excessive Venery, severe Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almost all Physicians and Surgeons to be so very difficult to overcome, are now so certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Restrictive Balsamick Electuary, that no one, how bad soever, need despair of being entirely set to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its most extraordinary Efficacy, that so many Practitioners in Town and Country now send for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only sure and infallible Remedy that can be safely rely'd upon, in those Cases. The Price of this Grand Medicine is 6s. a Pot, seal'd up, with a Book of Instructions, highly necessary to be read by all Persons whoever were afflicted with any Disorder of the Seminal Vessels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd unless Post-paid.

To Persons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to everyone, and the Patient soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and Shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast living, hard drinking, or any other Causes, for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Pipes, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hinge the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralytick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cruis Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 5s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years Standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an Account of Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease than confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS,

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, dost once Root out the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return, as numerous Thousands have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days or the Juices purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, temper them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Pimples, black and blue Marks, Pushings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates, and often is conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for Strengthening the Stomach, raising an Appetite, causing a regular and daily Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Heart-Aches, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, but any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inasmuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they effectually and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels, and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and cleanse the whole Machine, and as Time is taken, make the Patient pleasant, sightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have got in the last seven Years, during which Time they have been known, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humours, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names, be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Hedon Yard on the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY, or IMPOTENCY in MEN, *whether occasioned by* Pollutions, Seminal *Weaknesses of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And also

Of BARRENNESS in WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weaknesses, Coldness of Constitution, or any other Cause whatever.*

The Famous and Ineffimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature, if recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenness in Women, in the Universe, and which at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Currents of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling, opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and universally replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, revives and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Disposition, banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurably barren, have after using it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by evil living, Strains, or Self Abuses, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It regulates all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age at bay.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Hedon Yard on the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

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Where Advertisements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.